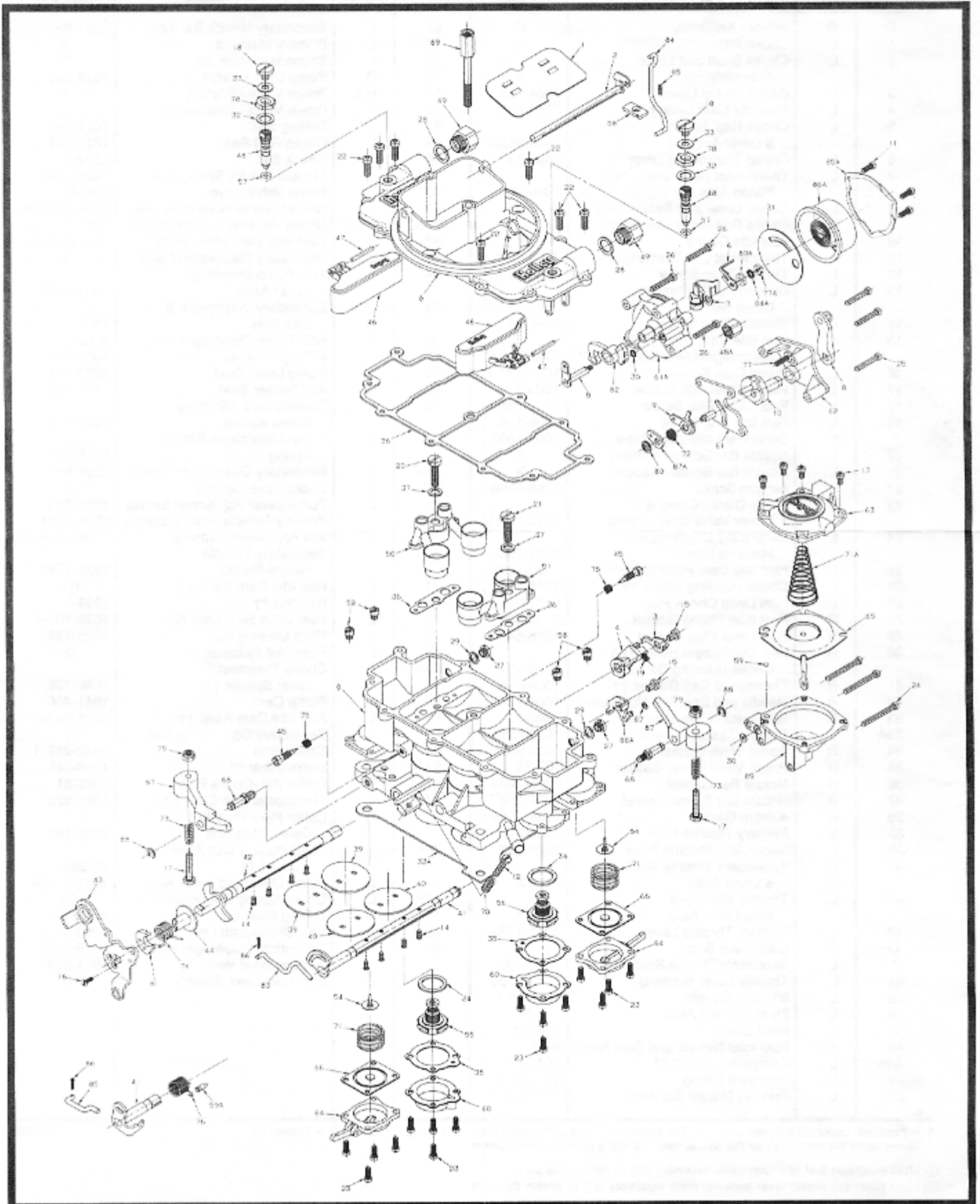


Index Number	Letter	Part Name	Part Number	Index Number	Letter	Part Name	Part Number
◇	◇	Airhorn Assembly	◇	51	L	Secondary Nozzle Bar Assy.	1021-837-11A
1	L	Choke Plate	x	52	L	Primary Main Jet	X
2	L	Choke Shaft and Lever Assembly	x	53	L	Secondary Main Jet	X
3	L	Cam Pick-Up Lever	1004-485	54	R	Pump Check Valve	1023-468
4	L	Fast Idle Cam Lever †	1004-1398	55	R-L	Power Valve - Primary	X
5	L	Choke Hsg. Shaft & Lever Assy. ††	1004-955A	56	R-L	Power Valve - Secondary	X
6	L	Choke Thermostat Lever ††	1004-957	57	R	O-Ring Seal	1027-148
7	L	Thermostat Lever and Piston Assy. ††	1004-960A	58	L	Choke Rod Seal	1027-238
8	L	Choke Lever and Swivel Assy. †	①	59	L	Check Ball	1028-1
9	L	Choke Rod Lever Molded †	②	59A	L	Throttle Return Spring Pin	1029-1094
10	L	Fast Idle Cam †	①	60	L	Power Valve Cover	20-74
11	L	Thermostat Cap Clamp Screw ††	1005-16	61	L	Choke Lever Back-up Plate Assy. †	1034-10882A
12	L	Throttle Stop Screw	1005-155-1	61A	L	Choke Housing & Plugs Assy. ††	1034-11209A
13	L	Secondary Diaphragm Cover Screw	1005-370-1	62	L	Fast Idle Cam Plate Assy. †	1034-10881A
14	L	Throttle Plate Screw	1005-581	63	L	Secondary Diaphragm Cover	X
15	L	Fast Idle Cam Lever & Sec. Diaphragm Lever Screw & L.W.	1005-584-1	64	L	Acc. Pump Diaphragm Cover Assy.	1034-11009A
16	L	Pump Cam Screw	1005-682-1	65	L-R	Secondary Diaphragm & Link Assy.	18-9
17	L	Pump Lever Adj. Screw	1005-756	66	R	Acc. Pump Diaphragm Assy.	8-153
18	L	Fuel Valve Seat Screw	1005-765-1	67	R	E-Ring Retainer	1036-871
19	L	Fast Idle Adj. Screw	1005-1583	68	L	Pump Lever Stud	1037-133
*	L	Secondary Idle Adj. Screw	1005-1601	69	L	Air Cleaner Stud	1037-450
20	L	Nozzle Bar Screw - Primary	X	70	L	Throttle Stop Adjusting Screw Spring	1038-110
21	L	Nozzle Bar Screw - Secondary	X	71	L	Pump Diaphragm Return Spring	1038-569
22	L	Airhorn Screw	1005-1898-1	71A	L	Secondary Diaphragm Spring	1038-597
23	L	Pump Diaph. Cover & Power Valve Cover Screw	1005-1899-1	72	L	Choke Lever Spring	◇
24	L	Secondary Diaphragm Housing Screw	1005-1900-1	73	L	Pump Lever Adj. Screw Spring	1038-782
25	L	Fast Idle Cam Plate Screw †	1005-1901-1	74	L	Primary Throttle Return Spring	1038-1461
26	L	Choke Housing Screw ††	1005-1901-2	75	L	Idle Adj. Needle Spring	1038-1526
27	L	Fuel Level Check Plug	1007-225-1	76	L	Secondary Throttle Return Spring	1038-1762
28	R	Fuel Inlet Fitting Gasket	1008-482	77	L	Fast Idle Cam Spring †	①
29	R	Fuel Level Plug Gasket	1008-540	77A	L	Hex Nut ††	1039-5
30	R	Sec. Diaphragm Housing & Choke Housing Gasket	1008-659	78	L	Fuel Valve Seat Lock Nut	1039-160-1
31	R	Thermostat Cap Gasket ††	1008-686	79	L	Fibre Locking Nut	1039-165
32	R	Needle and Seat Adj. Nut Gasket	1008-776	80	L	Push Nut Fastener †	◇
33	R	Seat Lock Screw Gasket	1008-777	80A		Choke Thermostat Lever Spacer ††	1040-108
33A	L	Flange Gasket	1008-1392	81	L	Pump Cam	1041-466
34	R	Power Valve Gasket	1008-1597	82	L	Fast Idle Cam Assy. ††	1041-244A
35	R	Power Valve Cover Gasket	108-68	83	L	Secondary Connecting Rod	X
36	R	Nozzle Bar Gasket	1008-2086	84	L	Choke Rod	1043-252-1
37	R	Nozzle Bar Screw Gasket	1008-2087	84A	L	Lockwasher ††	1046-248
38	R	Airhorn Gasket	1008-2092	85	R	Cotter Pin -Choke Rod	1048-31
39	L	Primary Throttle Plate	1009-172	85A	L	Thermostat Cap Clamp ††	1049-328
40	L	Secondary Throttle Plate	1009-173	86	R	Cotter Pin - Throttle Connecting Rod	1048-183
41	L	Secondary Throttle Shaft & Lever Assy.	X	86A	L	Thermostat & Cap Assy. Indexed ††	45-258
42	L	Throttle Shaft and Stop Lever Assy.	X	87	L	Pump Operating Lever Assy.	1063-1539A
43	L	Primary Throttle Lever	1011-1733-1	87A	L	Choke Spring Ret. Washer †	②
◇	◇	Carburetor Body	◇	88	R	E-Ring Retainer	1075-37
*	L	Secondary Throttle Shaft Bushing	1013-490	88A	L	Sec. Diaphragm Lever Assy.	1063-354A
44	L	Throttle Lever Bushing	1013-1066	89	L	Secondary Diaphragm Housing	1079-1152
45	L	Idle Adj. Needle	1015-72-1	*	L	J - Tube Bowl Vent	1014-930
46	L	Float and Tab Assy.	116-9	*	L	Fuel Inlet Filter Screen	1057-35
47	L	Float Shaft	1017-41				
48	R-L	Fuel Inlet Needle and Seat Assy.	6-71				
48A	L	Compression Nut ††	1019-6				
49	L	Fuel Inlet Fitting	1019-245				
50	L	Primary Nozzle Bar Assy.	1021-835-1				

† For manual choke carburetors only †† For automatic choke carburetors only L = Loose Parts R = Renew Kit 199R-9787  
 \* These items are not shown on the typical view. X Not a common part number.

① Must purchase fast idle cam plate assembly (62) to obtain this part.  
 ② Must purchase choke lever back-up plate assembly (61) to obtain this part.

**TYPICAL VIEW  
ILLUSTRATION NO. 52-2**

See Service Parts List for items not illustrated here.

Parts having ◇ designation are not available for service.

# MODEL 4010 UNIVERSAL CARBURETOR

## INSTALLATION AND ADJUSTMENT INSTRUCTIONS

TO PRESERVE WARRANTY, THESE INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE READ AND FOLLOWED THOROUGHLY BEFORE AND DURING INSTALLATION.

The model 4010 carburetor is designed as a universal type carburetor. It is a "square" flange carburetor and should **NOT** be used with adaptors on spread-bore type manifolds since adaptors may have an adverse effect on cylinder-to-cylinder distribution.

**NOTE:** This carburetor is not designed to meet any emission requirements for 1968 or later applications, and should be used only for competition/off road vehicles or vehicles not required to comply with late model exhaust emission standards.

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. Remove air cleaner, exercising care to carefully detach any vacuum lines to the cleaner and marking them so they can be reassembled to the air cleaner properly during installation of your Holley replacement carburetor.
2. Remove existing carburetor by following the procedure outlined below:
  - a. Carefully disconnect fuel line
  - b. Identify, label and disconnect all vacuum lines to the carburetor, noting the lines that ultimately run from the distributor, the temperature sensing valve, etc.
  - c. Disconnect PCV hose.
  - d. Disconnect choke rod or heat tube.
  - e. Disconnect and remove throttle linkage and automatic kickdown linkage. **SAVE ALL RETAINING CLIPS.**
  - f. Unbolt and remove carburetor from manifold.
  - g. Stuff clean shop towels or rags into intake manifold openings to prevent loose particles from entering.
  - h. Remove original flange gasket and clean manifold face.
3. Before installing Holley on manifold:

### \*CHRYSLER APPLICATIONS:

Remove throttle stud from original carburetor. Install this stud in the throttle lever extension, Holley Part No. 20-7. (This can be purchased from your Holley Dealer)

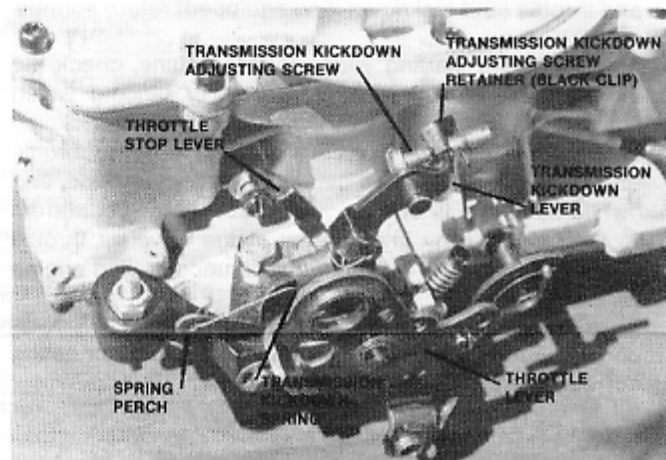
If the original Chrysler throttle stud is not available, a throttle lever extension stud and nut must be purchased from a Chrysler dealer.

### \*FORD APPLICATIONS: (List R-84020)

- A. Remove the throttle cable ball from the original carburetor and mount it in a similar location on the Holley throttle lever. The 4010 carburetor has a throttle ball provided in the unassembled parts if the original one is not available. Different size throttle balls can be purchased in a kit under Holley Part No. 20-2.

See Figure #1 Below.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** This carburetor is not intended nor recommended to be used with automatic overdrive vehicles.



### Typical View of Ford A/T Linkage

- B. Hold the carburetor throttle in the extreme wide open position and back out the transmission kickdown adjusting screw until it just contacts the tang on the throttle stop lever. Recheck this with the carburetor on the car.

### \*G.M. APPLICATIONS:

Remove the throttle cable and automatic transmission kickdown stud (if any) from the original carburetor and mount these in a similar location on the Holley throttle lever. If the original throttle ball is not available, a new throttle ball is in the unassembled parts kit. Different size balls can be purchased under Holley Part 20-2.

### THROTTLE BALL BRACKETS:

Because of the large assortments of brackets available, consult your latest Holley Performance Parts Catalog.

**\*AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSIONS:** If your transmission shifts improperly after installing the new carburetor, consult Service Manual for proper transmission adjustment.

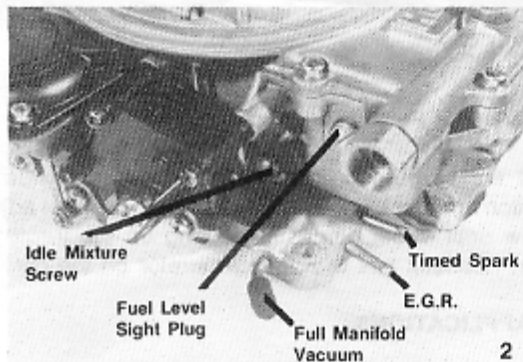
- If your application requires a solenoid/dashpot bracket, order new bracket by Holley Pt. No. 20-72. If your application requires a solenoid, order Holley Pt. No. 46-51. If you need a dashpot order 11-61.
- Install carburetor studs (available at your Holley Dealer) into intake manifold. Place new carburetor flange gasket provided in proper position on intake manifold.
- Remove shop towels/rags from inside the manifold. Check **again** that no foreign matter has entered the intake manifold.
- Place carburetor (with new gasket in position) on top of manifold. Install holddown nuts and snug nuts down in a "criss-cross" pattern. Torque nuts in same pattern to 60-80 in. lbs.

**WARNING:** Overtightening may result in a warped or cracked carburetor body.

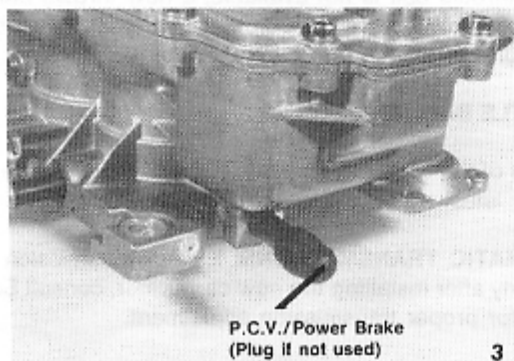
- Reconnect throttle and transmission kickdown linkage and throttle (and kickdown if so equipped) return springs.

**WARNING:** Before starting your vehicles engine, check the assembled linkage for any sticking, and/or binding which may interfere with full travel of the throttle (from the closed position to the wide open position). Movement of the throttle assembly should be checked manually, under the hood, and also while someone is operating the accelerator pedal from inside the vehicle. Any interference in the travel of throttle linkage may result in an accident due to uncontrolled engine speed.

Reconnect appropriate vacuum hoses to the carburetor noting the correct fittings in figures 2 and 3 below.



\*If vacuum for more than one component is needed, use small plastic "T's" available at your Holley Dealer.



Plug all unused vacuum ports.

- A chrome "dual feed" fuel line must be connected to the carburetor. It is available under Holley Pt. No. 34-16.

**WARNING:** In all cases where the fuel line has been cut, it is essential that it be clean to insure that no metal particles enter the fuel bowl after a new carburetor installation. This is performed by disconnecting the fuel line at the pump and blowing the line clean with compressed air. **DO NOT USE** any other method.

**CAUTION:** It is essential that a quality inline fuel filter, such as Holley Pt. No. 162-411 or 162-512 be installed between the fuel pump and the carburetor. This is mandatory as a safeguard against possible flooding. Absence of such a filter voids the carburetor warranty. Filter elements should be blown clean with compressed air every 6,000 miles and replaced every 12,000 miles to assure maximum protection.

- Install a suitable manual choke such as Holley pt. No. 45-228 with the choke mounting bracket, pt. no. 45-229. Check to make sure choke fully opens with the cable attached.
- An electric choke conversion kit is available under Holley Pt. No. 45-459. (silver metallic finish)

**IMPORTANT:** Electric choke Kit 45-223 (gold finish) when installing electric choke Kit 45-223, you must use the choke rod that came originally equipped on the carburetor. **DO NOT** use the choke rod and spacers provided in the kit, otherwise improper choke operation will occur.

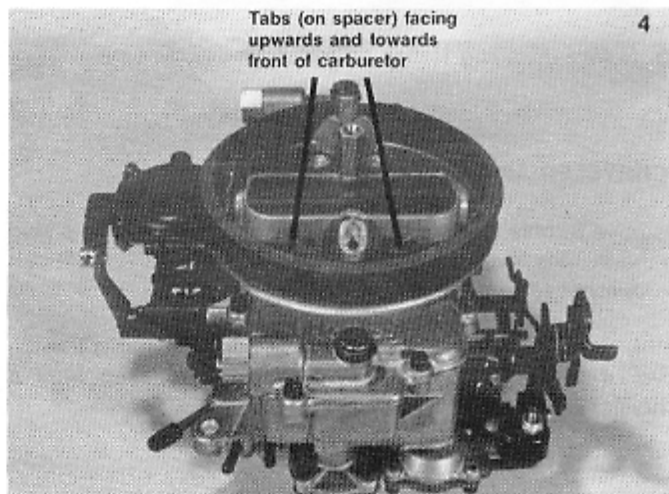
- Start engine and check fuel line and inlet fittings for possible leaks. At this time recheck vacuum hoses to assure that they are properly attached.

### 13. **IMPORTANT:** **Air Cleaner Installation**

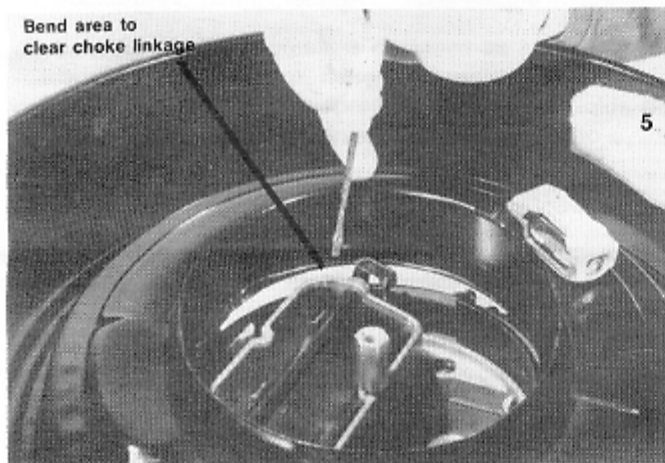
Install new air cleaner stud which is packaged in the unassembled parts kit. Also packaged is an air cleaner spacer. In some instances, the spacer is required to raise the air cleaner away from the carburetor linkage and fuel lines.

A taller spacer (1 $\frac{3}{8}$ ) is available under Holley Pt. No. 17-13.

Correct installation of the air cleaner spacer is shown below in fig. #4. Notice the tabs (on spacer) facing upwards and towards the front of the carburetor.



**NOTE:** On some air cleaner assemblies (with spacer installed) it may be necessary to increase the opening of the air cleaner to carburetor mounting area slightly as shown in Fig. #5, this is done to provide trouble free choke operation. Install air cleaner **FIRST**, to see if this procedure is necessary.



Bend the area in (as shown in Fig. #5) a little at a time until satisfactory clearance is obtained. You will be able to determine this when the air cleaner is installed and there is **NO** interference between the air cleaner and choke rod linkage.

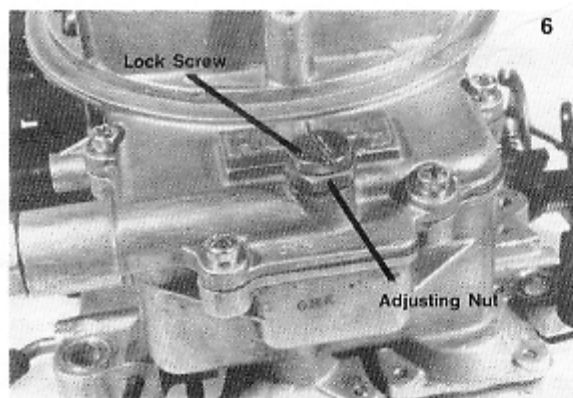
**WARNING:** Inadequate clearance between the air cleaner and throttle/choke lever could result in uncontrolled engine speed. **CHECK** these areas.

**CAUTION:** Check clearance between air cleaner and hood before closing hood completely. Do not slam hood the first time. Trim stud if necessary.

#### ADJUSTMENTS:

##### 1. Fuel Level:

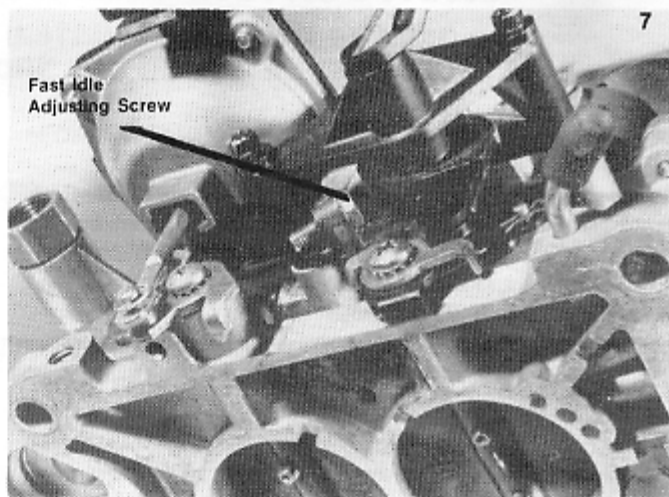
On level ground with the engine running, remove primary and secondary fuel level sight plugs. Loosen lock screw and turn adjusting nut clockwise to lower the fuel level and counter clockwise to raise the level. Fuel level will be properly adjusted when fuel begins to trickle out of sight hole. Tighten lock screw and replace fuel level sight plugs. See Fig. #6. Fig. #2 shows location of sight plugs.



##### 2. Choke:

If the fast idle speed provided during choke operation needs adjustment, turn engine off; close the choke exposing the fast

idle adjusting screw, use a small open end wrench for ease of adjustment. (See Fig. 7).



#### MAINTENANCE:

**WARNING:** Fuel systems components which are required to operate under severe conditions such as high underhood temperatures should be periodically inspected to assure no fuel leakage and that all hoses are sound. High underhood temperatures promote fast aging of the non-metallic materials used in vehicle assembly.

Hoses which exhibit surface cracks when bent to a 180° position should be replaced.

The presence of liquid fuel requires regular inspection of hoses, retightening of loose fittings, and retorquing of fuel system component flange nuts (where applicable). Tightening of carburetor airhorn screws should provide 25-30 inch pounds of torque in a clockwise direction.

#### GENERAL:

In addition to your Holley carburetor, the correct engine timing, the spark plug gap and heat range, the condenser and wiring, the lash, the condition of the PCV valve and the correct operation of exhaust heat valves are all important in order to obtain optimum efficiency and maximum performance from the engine of your vehicle.